The Bombay Gazette

10,409—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1882.

SHIPPING.

BRINDISI MAIL SERVICE.

UNTIL further notice the MAIL STEAMERS will proceed via Canal direct from PORT SAID to BRINDISI.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent.

Bombay, 11th July, 1882.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Tuesday.
L. PESHAWUR ..	3900	600	E. I. Baker	18th July
— VENETIA	3726	450	A. B. Daniel	25th „
L. NIZAM	3725	450	P. Harris	1st Aug.
— HYDASPES	2981	500	R. Harvey	8th „
L. SUTLEJ	4109	750	A. H. Johnson	15th „
— MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	22nd „
L. MIRZAPORE ..	3887	600	C. G. Perrina	29th „

A launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London, calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under:—

THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi. both ways.	Via Brindisi. one way.	Via London. both ways.
First Class .. Rs.	950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class .. Rs.	1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1882.
PEKIN	3000 600	A. Symons	28th July.
GANGES.....	4100 750	W. B. Andrews..	11th Aug.

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

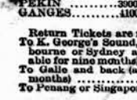
Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 12, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES

(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)



THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA on the 28th of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class .. Rs 505	Including	I Class .. Rs 520	Including
II do..... 340	wines.	II do..... 350	wines.
III do..... 150	With food.	III do..... 155	With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

BIRMANIA, on Tuesday, 1st August, 1882.
CHINA, on Friday, 1st September, 1882.
ABISSINIA, on Sunday, 1st October, 1882.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 17 days.

From Genoa,	I Class	Calais Route,	R 95	Brighton Route	R 80
„	II do.	do.	70	do.	58
From Naples,	I do.	do.	145	do.	130
„	II do.	do.	105	do.	93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c. apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent, Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, July 3, 1882.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE *VIA* CANAL.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail.
AGLAIA	B. Crillanovich	1,927	400	8th Aug.
DALMATIE	A. Domcich.....	1,927	400	8th Sept.
VORWAERTS	F. Egger	2,391	450	8th Oct.
ORION	G. Mahorcich..	3,500	550	8th Nov.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices, as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400 ..	Rs. 280 ..	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375 ..	225 ..	143 0
To Port Said	320 ..	255 ..	131 0
To Suez	300 ..	240 ..	122 0
To Aden	170 ..	130 ..	66 8

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP.	To sail
VORWAERTS	F. Egger ...	2,391	450	2nd Aug.
ORION	G. Mahorcich...	3,500	550	2nd Sept.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 3, 1882.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS. BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

S. S.	Captain	Tons.	H. P.	1882.
MERTON HALL.....	J. Verrill ...	4,100	500	About 29th July.
WISTOW HALL.....	T. Collin....	2,700	400	„ 19th Aug.
RYDAL HALL.....	J. C. Shaw..	2,700	400	„ 20th Sept.
SPEKE HALL.....	W. Brand ..	2,700	400	„ 4th Oct.
MERTON HALL.....	J. Verrill ...	4,100	500	„ 21st Oct.
WERNETH HALL...	O. Lloyd....	4,000	500	„ 28th Oct.
WISTOW HALL....	T. Collin....	2,700	400	„ 18th Nov.
RYDAL HALL.....	J. C. Shaw...	2,700	400	„ 6th Dec.

Special terms can be made for passengers leaving during June to November.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and other particulars as to Passages apply to EDWARD BATES & Co., and KING, KING and Co.

CARGO.

N.B.—Cargo is carried via Liverpool on favourable terms on through Bills of Lading to London, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, Ghent, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Dunkirk, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

The shipment of packages from up-country by this line is also undertaken.

EDWARD BATES & Co., Agents.

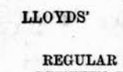
23, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 23rd May, 1882.

FRENCH LINE. CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

THE first-class steamer COCHIN, 2,081 T. R., will sail for MARSEILLES direct, on or about the 25th inst.

She has accommodation for a few first-class passengers only.

TERMS MODERATE. Apply to RALLI BROTHERS, Agents.



COOK'S NEW SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS, available for one or more passengers by any route from all chief Railway Stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE, CENTRAL EUROPE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA, and ALL PARTS of the GLOBE.

The arrangements for travelling through India are under the special authority of the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India, and are intended exclusively for International Travellers.

As the sole accredited agents of the Italian Government Railway Administration THOS. COOK & SON, issue tickets to through passengers from India, which will enable them to visit Naples, Rome, Florence, Milan, &c., at reduced fares.

For full particulars apply to THOS. COOK & SON, 9, Hornby Row, Bombay (originators of the European Tourist and Excursion system), established 1841.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. ALLEGHANY, from Liverpool, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to take delivery of their respective goods from the Prince's Dock. Matches, Oils, Naptha, and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at Consignees sole and subject to removal to the combustible shed at their expense. All chafed or damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, and no claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co., Agents for Captain and Owners s.s. Alleghany.

Bombay, 17th July, 1882.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL, Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta. Apollo Street, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), Prepared to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHINDWARA, 1,983 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 19th July, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Cocanada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on MONDAY, 24th July, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on FRIDAY, 21st July, 1882, at 4 p.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on SATURDAY, 12th August, 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.

Bombay, 17th July, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PURE COD-LIVER OIL

THE only kind authorised by the Medical Council, and prescribed by the principal Physicians and Surgeons—of a pale straw colour and almost entirely free from taste or smell. Is taken freely without nausea, or the other unpleasant symptoms which are produced by "Light Brown" and other impure oils.

"The *pure fresh oil* from the liver of the cod is more beneficial in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption than any agent medicinal, dietetic, or reginimal, that has yet been employed."—DR. WILLIAMS.

IMPORTED IN PINT BOTTLES, Capsuled and Labelled with our Trade Mark.

Cash Rs. 1-4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

TO GYMKHANAS, REGIMENTAL CRICKET CLUBS, AND OTHERS.

TREACHER & COMPANY HAVE ON SALE, CRICKET KIT

Of very superior quality ;

(ALSO)

ARCHERY, BADMINTON, LAWN TENNIS, FOOT BALL GOLF, QUOITS, RACKET AND GNNERAL GYMKHANA KIT.

DETAILED PRICED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN INDIA.

EVERY ARTICLE OF SUPERIOR AND UNIFORM QUALITY.

Sliding-box Cameras.
Bellows-body Cameras.
Binocular Cameras.
Scenograph Portable Cameras.
Camera Stands.
Portrait and View Lances.
Portable Tents.
Printing Frames.
Plate Boxes.
Developing Stands.
Baths and Dippers.
Dishes and Trays.
Glass Plates & Cutting Shapes.
Collodion Bottles and Filters.
Rolling & Burnishing Machines.
Cameo Presses and Dies.
Head Rests, Back Grounds.
Albumen Papers, Collodions.
Gold, Silver, and Chemicals.
Varnishes, Card Mounts, &c.

THE importance of purity in Photographic Chemicals must suggest itself to all. Our imports have for the past half century been acknowledged as PRACTICALLY PURE, THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, and of UNIFORM STRENGTH AND CHARACTER. Commercial samples (as met with in Indian bazaars), though perhaps unadulterated in the strict sense of the term, are not always to be depended upon, as they are liable to be contaminated with other matter which will unfavourably affect results when operating.

DETAILED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY.

IMPORTANT CAUTION !

WHEREAS for a period extending over many years there has been uninterruptedly sold in the Indian Market a certain blend of Scotch Whisky known to the trade and the public as TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY, each bottle of which bears near the front shoulder a characteristic heart-shaped label with a caution label on the reverse and a Phœnix trade-mark on both labels, as well as on the cork and the mettalic capsule covering the cork, and which Whisky from its high state of purity, rich soft mellowness, and intrinsic worth has met with such general appreciation, and so fully established itself in public favour as to be now familarly known as "Glenlivet," "Treacher's Glenlivet," "Glenlivet Whisky," "Treacher's Whisky," "Treacher's Glenlivet Whisky" and "Heart-Labelled Whisky," the Public are hereby warned and cautioned against accepting as TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY any brand failing to correspond with the aforenoted particulars.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED, SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY.

TAMARIND COUGH BALSAM

IS an excellent remedy in ORDINARY COUGHS, WHOOPING COUGH, HOARSENESS, and affords very great relief in cases of Asthma and Bronchitis.

Price, Re. 1 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY THOMSON AND TAYLOR, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this office and at the book-sellers.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
„ „ „ Overland Summary,
„ „ „ Weekly Budget,
„ „ „ Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER and Co.'s Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

FEBRUARY 15, 188

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. S. ARMENIA has ARRIVED from Glasgow and Liverpool, and is DISCHARGING in the Prince's Dock.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED.

AT an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING held on Saturday, 15th instant, it was resolved that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 7-8 per share, equal to 15 per cent., on the paid up capital be made payable on and after the 24th instant.

A. F. SOUNDY, Secretary and Manager.

Bombay, July 17, 1882.

PENSIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that PENSIONS payable at the ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Bombay, will be DISBURSED on the following dates only, in each month :—3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th and 11th, between 11 a.m. and 1 p. m. PENSIONERS SHOULD ATTEND between those hours with their bills previously made out and propely signed. The bills will not be made out in the Accountant General's Office.

2. When any of the above dates falls on a Sunday or gazetted holiday, the Pensions will be payable on the next day.

A. COTTERELL TUPP, Accountant General.

Accountant General's Office, Bombay, 15th July, 1882.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. DRYBURGH ABBEY, from LONDON, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING with DELIVERY ORDER for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the PRINCE'S DOCK.

Matches, Oils, Naptha, and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at consignees' risk, and subject to removal to the combustible shed at their expense.

All chafed or damaged goods must be serveyed before removal from the Dock, and no claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves, and without bearing the Captain's countersignature.

McCULLOCH, BETTS & Co., Agents s. s. Dryburgh Abbey.

Bombay, 17th July, 1882.

NOW READY,

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Reports, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

FOR SALE, "NINE ELMS"

PORTLAND CEMENT, as used for the new Edystone Light-house, the Royal Dockyard at Portsmouth, the Thames Tunnel and Subway, the Menai Bridges, the Houses of Parliament, the Abbeystead Water Works, &c., &c.

Price Rs. 8-8 per Cask of 400 lbs.

3½, Meadow-street. WARDEN & Co.

NAVIGATINE,

A CERTAIN and specific CURE for Seasickness and obstinate Vomiting in Pregnancy, and a reliable companion during sea-voyage.

Per case, Rs. 3.

B. S. MADON & CO., 12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TRIPLE EXTRACT OF ROSES,

A VERY lasting, delicious Perfume for the Handkerchief, extracted from the best materials and choicest flowers.

Per bottle Rs. 2-8.

☞ Can also be had of Messrs. COOPER and Co., Booksellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

B. S. MADON & Co., 12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PARISIAN HAIR-DOUCHE,

A NOURISHING and STRENGTHENING TONIC for the HAIR, a valuable article for the Toilet, strengthens the hair, promotes its growth, and keeps it free from scurf and dandriff, imparting a cooling sensation to the head.

Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

☞ Can also be had of Messrs. COOPER and Co., Book-sellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

B. S. MADON & Co., CHEMISTS, &c., 12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MEDICINES FOR THE SEASON.

MOTIWALA'S VEGETABLE COUGH PILLS, sure specific for ASTHMA, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, and all LUNG and THROAT AFFECTIONS.

Price 4, 6, and 10 annas per phial.

MOTIWALA'S DYSENTRODYNE never fails to cure DYSENTERY with BLOOD, VOMITING, DIARRHŒA, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

Price 4 and 8 annas per phial.

The popularity and very extensive sale of MOTIWALA'S MEDICINES, their ADMISSION IN PRACTICE BY SEVERAL MEDICAL GENTLEMEN, the MANY SPURIOUS IMITATIONS thereof, the FLATTERING OPINION OF THE PRESS, the TESTIMONY OF MEDICAL AND OTHER HIGHLY RESPECTABLE EUROPEAN AND NATIVE GENTLEMEN too numerous to be published, prove their wonderful efficacy.

For full particulars and certificates see handbills, which will be sent on receipt of half-anna postal stamp.

Sold by B. S. MADON & Co., 12, Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay, and by all medicine vendors and shop-keepers in Bombay and the principal cities of India.

MANUFACTURER : S. B. MOTIWALA, FRERE-ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

ANGLO-INDIAN AND GENERAL AGENCY,

ESTABLISHED 1867,

BOMBAY, 28, Apollo Street.
LONDON, 27, Leadenhall Street, E. C.
TELEGRAPH HOME REMITTANCES.
TELEGRAPH PRIVATE CODE.

THE undersigned, in addition to the ordinary manner of effecting Home Remittances by Drafts, also TELEGRAPH payments at current rates of Exchange to be made at once in any part of the United Kingdom and Continent of Europe.

They are also prepared to place their present Telegraph Code at the service of Residents in India and Correspondents at Home, and to add such names, addresses, and paragraphs of any length or purport as may be desired, whereby these can be telegraphed at a greatly reduced cost. Minimum charge for messages, including addresses when registered, 3 words. Their Code now in use has thousands of words, each one representing sentences on almost all conceivable subjects likely to be required, to telegraph between the two countries. No registration fee charged. Secrecy guaranteed.

Every information and assistance afforded on application, personally or by letter.

WM. WATSON & CO.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT BY SINA.

PRICE ANNAS 8 PER COPY.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to

£4,528,542 11 9 STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms, COALS on the HUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

15 per cent. discount is now allowed on Mills, &c.

STAMPS ON ANNUAL POLICIES paid by the Company.

Fire Premiums for 1882.....£300,000
„ 1881.....£333,079

LIFE BRANCH.

POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods or at adult, and children on very favourable terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ per cent.

REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated LIFE FUNDS now amount to £2,389,907

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1865.....£1,192,476 7 11 | 1875.....£3,258,437 10 9
1870.....£1,924,042 3 5 | 1880.....£4,528,542 11 9

THOS. H. MOORE & Co., Agents Royal Insurance Company, 6, Hummum-street

THE BEST, PUREST AND

MOST WHOLESOME NON-INTOXICATING DRINKS

MANUFACTURED IN INDIA.

CASH PRICE LIST.

TREACHER and Co.'s GINGER ALE, per doz. Re. 1-8.	TREACHER and Co.'s LIME-ADE, per doz. Re. 1-8.
TREACHER and Co.'s SODA WATER, per doz. as. 12.	TREACHER and Co.'s TONIC WATER, per doz. Re. 1.
TREACHER and Co.'s LEMONADE, per doz. Re. 1.	TREACHER and Co.'s GINGERADE, per doz. Re. 1.
TREACHER and Co.'s POTASH WATER, per doz. as. 12.	TREACHER and Co.'s AERATED WATER, per doz. as. 12.

TREACHER and Co.'s OZO, per doz. Rs. 2, bottles included.

TREACHER'S GINGER ALE, is highly aromatic and pleasingly pungent to the palated ; the various ingredients of which it is composed are proportioned to a nicety, and the utmost care and cleanliness ("as with all our Aerated Waters") are exercised in its production.

TREACHER'S LIME-ADE, is a delicious carbonated preparation of the Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice, an anti-scorbutic, blood-purifying drink of superior character, ranking as a companion to our much admired Ginger Ale. It is cooling and refreshing at all times, healthful and suited to the present season, and being of full citricity and flavour is palatable and agreeable both as a medicinal agent and as a beverage.

TREACHER'S SODA AND POTASH WATERS, are by the aid of steam power charged with Gas at the greatest possible pressure, and thereby rendered sparkling and agreeable in the highest degree.

TREACHER'S TONIC WATER, is unequalled for delicacy of flavour and tonic properties, each bottle containing a definite quantity of Quinine presented in an agreeable form.

TREACHER'S LEMONADE AND GINGERADE, are as flavoured waters celebrated for their freshness and delicious taste.

TREACHER'S OZO is a delightful sparkling health-sustaining beverage, a dissipator of menta and nervous affections, and a renewer of physical power.

TREACHER'S AERATED WATER, is thoroughly impregnated with Carbonic Acid Gas, and, being free from alkali, it is well adapted for admixture with Claret and Acid Wines. Alone it drinks sharper to the palate and with greater pungency than Soda Water.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

MANUFACTURING AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS AND AERATED BEVERAGE BOTTLERS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

RUGS, MAUDS, BLANKETS, &C.

ASQUITH & LORD

HAVE a very fine stock of these useful Travelling Requisites of the finest qualities at moderate prices.

PRICE LIST.

	Cash. Rs. a.
The District Rug, very useful	... 18 0
Fine Austrian Rugs, soft and light, very bright and pretty colours ...	... 22 0
The Sandringham Rug	... 36 0
Scotch Mauds, plain mixtures, &c.	from 27 0 to... 35 0
Shepherd's Checks, different sizes	from 27 0 to... 42 0
Tartan Clans, very choice	from 45 0
Fine White Witney Blankets	per pair 25 0
Superfine do. do.	„ 30 0
Extra large, the best	„ 34 0
Crib Blankets	„ 11 8
Scarlet Blankets, full size	„ 23 0
Do. extra large	„ 30 0

LESS 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

THE OVERLAND KIT WAREHOUSE, 8, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

ANDREW USHER & CO.'S

OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY.

(Registered Trade Mark.)

GOLD PRIZE MEDAL, LONDON EXHIBITION, 1873.

BOTTLED in Shippers' own Bonded Stores, Edinburgh, under the supervision of H. M.'s Customs Each bottle guaranteed to contain the sixth part of an imperial gallon ; each case of twelve bottles, two imperial gallons.

The above is the only registered brand of Glenlivet or Old Vatted Glenlivet Whisky being offered in India.

Traders and the Public generally are respectfully cautioned against other brands of so-called Glenlivet Whisky now being largely advertised.

The under-noted duly registered brands for sale at the godowns of—

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

BOLTON & CO.,

BOMBAY.

Cash. Rs.		Credit Rs.
22	... Old Vatted Glenlivet	... 23
26	... Old Vatted Glenlivet, Special Reserve	... 28

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CAMPAIGN WATCHES

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. beg to notify the renewal of [illegible] of the celebrated CAMPAIGN WATCHES, hundreds of which were supplied to the army during the late war in Afghanistan, and for which the most favourable testimonials have been received from every part of India.

Their revised prices are :—

German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch	...Rs. 25
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, extra strong	... „ 30
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, full jewelled	... „ 35
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, full jewelled and finest finish	... „ 40

These watches are not affected by riding and will withstand an immense amount of hard usage.

TWO YEARS' GUARANTEE GIVEN WITH EVERY WATCH.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

BOMBAY, 2, Rampart Row.

POONA, 1, East Street.

BASS & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE

(BREWED EXPRESSLY TO SUIT THE INDIAN CLIMATE,)

BOTTLED BY

MESSRS. STONE & SON, LONDON,

May always be obtained of the principal dealers in

CALCUTTA	KURRACHEE	LUCKNOW	BENARES
BOMBAY	POONAH	CAWNPORE	LAHORE
MADRAS	AGRA	DELHI	DARJEELING

and SIMLA,

And of the following, who receive regular Monthly supplies—

MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co.,	Calcutta.
G. F. KELLNER & Co.,	Calcutta and Branches
GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co	Calcutta.
TREACHER & Co., Limited,	Bombay and Poonah.
E. GILLON & Co.,	Lahore.
MURRAY & Co.,	Lucknow and Meerut.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time, and fare tables of the Railway Companies, Steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c. With a new coloured Map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Indian postage one anna. Published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* office

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

On THURSDAY, the 20th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.

An invoice of very handsome glass, bronze and Bohemian flower-painted pedastals, superior table kerosine-lamps with shimmey globes and air protectors, by the well-known makers, Silver Light Company.

1 case parian figures.
1 „ bedford cords.
1 „ milton cloth.
3 cases dark-blue army cloth.
12 „ turkey red prints.
3 „ white lappets and scarfs.

On account and at the risk of Tribhovun Tullockchund—
8 cases amber green colour.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 18th July, 1882.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE of grain sweepings, waste-papers, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Warri-bunder.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of grain sweepings, waste-paper, &c., &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE OF JAPAN WARE.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, an invoice of 11 cases Japanware, consisting of awata vases, awata jars and covers, sets of beer jugs, awata dish and covers, tea sets, &c., &c.

The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Shaftings with Pulleys and Couplings, Hangers, Cast-iron Blocks, &c., &c.

On THURSDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p. m., Mr. BENNETT and Co. will sell by public auction at Colaba, opposite the Victoria-bunder, by order of Mr. Pallonjee Shapoorjee Mistry, and on account and risk of Parshotum Veerchand Cuntaree—

A quantity of shafting with pulleys, coupling, hangers, cast-iron blocks, &c.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Warwick Villa," near the G. I. P. Railway workshops, Parel, the valuable and [illegible] some blackwood and teakwood French-polished [illegible] and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich fabic ornaments, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of R. Porter, Esq.

The property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

N. B.—The plants will be sold at 5 p.m. on the same day.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 18th July, 1882.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

SALE OF VALUABLE GROUND AT DHARAVEE.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of July, 1882, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, by virtue of the power of sale vested in him by an indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 4th day of February, 1881, on account and risk of mortgagor, Madhowrao Bhaskerjee, the following valuable grounds :—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold salt batty ground, situate at Dharavee, on the south side of Dharavee Road, in the sub-district of Mandvie in Bombay, bounded on the east partly by batty ground of Bhendia Bheer and partly by the batty ground of Ibrahim Sab Nowrangy, on the west by Government ground, on the north of the batty ground of the said Madhowrao Bhaskerjee, and on the south by batty ground of Bhicoo Coley, containing by admeasurement 4,740 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 197, and which premises were formerly in the occupation of Khoja Chandoo Mooljee, and now of the said Madhowrao Bhaskerjee.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold salt batty ground situate at Dharavee on the south side of Dharavee Road, in the sub-district of Mandvie in Bombay, bounded on the east by batty ground of Dhicoo Coley, on the west by the batty ground of Zaoba, and on the south by the batty ground of Jao Minguel's Church, containing 4,314 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 19, and which premises were formerly in the occupation of Khoja Chandoo Mooljee, and now of the said Madhowrao Bhaskerjee.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Foras land situate on the south side of and fronting the Dharavee Road, in the sub-district of M

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 17.

THE course of events in Egypt during the past week has given rise to a most anxious feeling in commercial circles here, and it is no exaggeration to say that since receipt of news of the bombardment of Alexandia having actually been commenced, business has been in a state of absolute stagnation. The main cause of anxiety, from a commercial point of view, has necessarily been the safety of the Canal, and the announcement that traffic had been stopped by order of Admiral Seymour at once caused a suspension of all business involving Canal transit. Shippers of produce ceased operating, and the banks declined to buy bills with documents attached, whether with or without war risk insurances. The notification that steamers might enter at their own risk was not regarded with much favour; but things were not looked at from the most adverse point of view until Saturday morning when telegrams from London stated, apparently in the most authoritative way, that one steamer was being looted, and another had got ashore, in the Canal. The contradiction of both these statements to hand this morning, coupled with advice of one of the mail steamers having got through in safety, has induced some slight return of confidence, but it will be a long time before business resumes its usual tenor, even if we receive nothing by wire to upset matters again which is more than likely. The fact is that people have now begun to see on what a slight thread the safety of the Canal really hangs, and we question whether confidence will be thoroughly restored until the most assailable points are protected by troops, indeed a strong opinion prevails amongst business people that an Indian contingent should have been sent forward for this purpose a fortnight ago.

The chief effect of the Egyptian embroglio, as already remarked, has been to suspend active business. Buyers of Cotton, Seeds, and Wheat have withdrawn altogether, and in freights and exchange there has been proportionately little done. Imports all round have been rendered somewhat firmer, by the prospect of reduced supplies, notably Coals, in which the recovery from the lowest point has been from Rs. 5 to Rs. 6 per ton. Money continues cheap, and Government Paper has shown wonderful steadiness all things considered.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on 15th instant shows the following changes :—

Public Deposits at Head Office	Increase	Rs. 2,52,035
Do. do. Branches	Decrease	,, 4,96,252
Other Deposits	Decrease	,, 3,40,906
Government & other authorised Securities	Increase	,, 1,63,201
Loans	Decrease	,, 1,92,774
Bills Discounted	Decrease	,, 7,68,334
Cash with Correspondents	Increase	,, 3,76,659
Cash and Currency Notes	Decrease	,, 4,364

These movements are too insignificant to exercise any effect on the general market which still remains quiet in the extreme. Although the Bank minimum still stands at 4 per cent., loans are obtainable at 3½, but the ruling inclination is to do nothing in the existing state of affairs, and is in everything else money will remain in something like its present position until we see matters in Egypt on a more settled basis. In any case though there is nothing to indicate any material advance in rates of discount, and in all probability the present level will be safe to calculate for the next two months.

EXCHANGE.—The transactions in Sterling this week have been limited in the extreme. After the departure of last mail we opened weak with a decline of 1-32d., and this tendency was still apparent until Thursday, when there were buyers of 3 months' Credits at 1s. 8 5-32d. After this, however, the Banks declined to do anything except in clean bills or telegraphic transfer; and no change took place until to-day, when the more reassuring telegrams respecting the Canal brought out buyers of private paper at 1s. 8 3-16d. We now quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 15-16d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 29-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 8 1-16d.	,,
Credits ,, ,,	1s. 8 3-16d.	,,
Documents 3 ,, ,,	1s. 8 7-32d.	,,
Francs 3 ,, ,,	2-12½	,,

As regards the future it is difficult to form anything like a reliable estimate. Like every other market the value of the Rupee depends on what may take place in Egypt, but in any case we see nothing to favour an advance, as it is very likely supplies of export produce are likely to [illegible] scale for some time to come.

PROMISSORY NOTES.—A fair demand has been experienced for English Yarns, both on the spot and to arrive, at an advance of ¼ anna per lb., but the extent of business, although fair from second hands, has been limited on the part of importers. In local Yarns about [illegible] packages have changed hands at an advance of [illegible]th anna per lb.

METAL.—*Copper* has been in active request at an advance of [illegible] per cwt. Stocks are by no means excessive [illegible] the possibility of a stoppage of the Canal looming [illegible] one time like inducing a much more serious [illegible] *Yellow Metal* is also firm at a similar improved [illegible] but in both articles any further rise seems depe[illegible]t on what takes place regarding the Canal. [illegible] strong all round, but more especially for Sheets, Hoops, and Boiler Plates. Holders show much more firmness, and if an expedition from this side is actually ordered, we may look for a rapid rise in these descriptions. In the meantime while buyers are not paying any advance, holders are remarkably firm

COALS have steadily advanced throughout the week, and from the lowest point of the market an advance of Rs. 5. to Rs. 6 per ton may now be quoted. To arrive, there has practically been no business doing, but a large quantity of old stock on the bunder has changed hands at from Rs. 16 to Rs. 19 per ton, according to quality.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—There has been almost nothing done for export during the week. Not only has the uncertainty regarding the Suez Canal been against business, but Liverpool telegrams latterly have been dull, and the weather has been such as almost to put an entire stop to shipments. We question whether the total purchases for export have exceeded 4,000 bales, and prices are nominally unchanged since last mail-day.

We subjoin our usual comparisons of the receipts. The figures look large, but they are mainly made up of Westerns which are almost the only description being freely dealt in at present; in fact, the only growth of which supplies can be had in condition fit for shipment. The receipts are :—

	1882.	1881	1880.
For the week	15,352	18,161	6,366
Since 1st September	1,737,301	1,179,302	1,127,641
Since 1st January	1,487,182	1,034,321	1,009,647

The *Clearances for Sea* since 1st January have been 1,331,646 bales, as against 788,723 bales for the same period last year.

New Crop.—Accounts from up-country are now most promising in every direction. In all quarters we hear of an ample fall of rain, and the only question seems to be whether there may not be too much should a break not intervene before long. So far, however, there is nothing to complain of.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool via Canal without commission :—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Good Omra	Rs. 205—5d.	
F.G.F. do.	,, 198—5 1/16d.	
G.F. do.	,, 193—4 15/16d.	
Good Dhollera	,, 203—5 3/16d.	
F.G.F. do.	,, 198—5 1/16d.	
G.F. do.	,, 190—4½d.	
Good Ginned Dharwar	,, 208—5 5/16d.	
Good Westerns	,, 195—5d.	
F.G.F. do.	,, 190—4 29/32d.	

WHEAT.—Supplies are daily getting into smaller compass owing partly to the heavy rains interrupting road traffic, but mainly to the fact that prices are two low to attract holders until next crop becomes assured. Buyers are doing nothing or next to nothing in the present unsettled state of the freight market, but sellers in the meantime are firm at about previous prices, say :—No. 1 White Rs. 33, No. 2 Rs. 32, Soft Red Rs. 30½ per candy.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* is in moderate supply, and buyers being few, the price has receded to Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 5-9 per cwt. *Rapeseed* is very sparingly held, and Rs. 6-4 to Rs. 6-6 per cwt. for Guzerat may be considered almost a nominal quotation.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5p.ct.	700
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	855
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	700
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£	£			
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	3 do.	130
National Bank of India	37,320	250	12½	2 do.	97

LAND COMPANIES.

Frere Land	7,500	150	150	100	*3
Mazagon Land, &c.	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	24
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	Rs. 30	820
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	Rs. 5	225

* For distribution.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,050
Akola Press Co	85	500	all	..	500
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18p.ct.	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 70	1,140
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	40	475
Bellary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p. s.	600
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	Rs. 37½	505
Bronch Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	1,080
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	500	300	all	30	210
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	120	1,190
Fort Press Co	150	325	8,500	300 p.s.	2,625
French Press Co	300	500	all	45 p.s.	600
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 35	540
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p. s.	352½
New Indian Press	2,400	12½	125	Rs. 15	222½
Prince of W. Press	120	.....	1,500	23½	2,100
Sind & Puniaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 80	1,225
Sassoon Press Co.	300	0	500	2½	500
Volkart's Press Co.	450	00		50	660

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,425
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	50	230
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	Rs. 10	144
New issue	..	100	70	..	100
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	500	500	30 p. s	540
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co. Ld.	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 40	730
Bhownuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	725
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	900
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 4	695
Coorla Mills	800	50	1,000	50	885
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	540
Empress S. & W. Co.	736	500	all	Rs. 25	700
Ditto (New issue)	400	500	150	..	540
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	555
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,060
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,090
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	690
Jewraz Bhalloo handeish	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,005
Khatao Mackenzie	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	905
Madras United	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	952½
Mahalukshmi	350	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	2,100
Manockjee Petit's	650	1,000	500	Rs. 55	815
Mazagon Spinning Co.	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 8½	1,350
Morarjee Gocouldas	5,000	250	250	15 p. s.	237½
National Spinning	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,345
New Great Eastern	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	810
Oriental	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	915
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	4,000	625	625	Rs. 55	680
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	500	35	310
Shalapore Mills	1,500	1,000	1,000	70	1,400
Sholapur	560	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,200
[illegible]	750	000	1,000	50	960
[illegible]	500	500	Rs. 30	Rs. 40	600
[illegible]	550	1,000	1,000	60	810
[illegible]		1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	900
[illegible]					0
[illegible]					75
[illegible]					99
[illegible]					435
[illegible]					89
[illegible]					13
[illegible]					50
Oriental Loan Association					20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000			1,125
Ripon Gold Mining Co., Ld.	30,000 A	10	6	..	3
Do.	1,000 B	100	100	..	60
Soundy & Co., Ld	1,000	100	all	..	125
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	all	Rs. 90	1,000
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	15	201
Wynaad Gold Mining Co. Ld.	20,000	25	20	..	5

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Inchelutha, 1,203 tons, Captain G. Cracknell, with sail to-day for Dunkirk, with a general cargo.

THE schooner Dorthea, 142 tons, Captain P. Brinch, arrived in harbour on the 16th instant from Port Natal (19th June), with a general cargo and two deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kangra, 1,525 tons, Captain J. Smith, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. Gonsalves, Miss Rutherford, and 28 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Euphrates, 500 tons, Captain A. Clark, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf, via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Messrs. Maitland, Mackenzie, Mr. E. H. V. Haldane, and 28 deck.

THE steamer Alleghany, 1,495 tons, Captain Rea, which arrived in harbour on the 16th instant from Liverpool (14th June), brought the following passengers :—Mr. and Mrs. Daring, Mr. P. Daring, and Miss C. Daring. She brought a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE steamer Dryburgh Abbey, 1,481 tons, Captain C. Horton, which arrived in harbour on the 16th instant from London (15th June), brought 12 deck passengers, and the following cargo :—18,813 bars and 2,057 bundles iron, 552 cases wine and spirits, 3 casks brandy, 56 packages colors and paints, 163 cases wine, 40 casks ink, 17 barrels tallow, 40 barrels blacking, 99 drums varnish, 2 packages corks, 235 barrels beer, 2 packages hops, 12 cases sewing machines, 10 packages spelter sheets, 8 cases toys, 75 bottles quick-silver, 1,945 plates spelter, 802 cases matches, 31 kegs nails, 246 packages stores, 15 runlets coal tar, 30 packages marbles, 23 runlets coal pitch, 205 drums oil, 131 packages papers, 70 cases medicines, 50 cases copper, 1,500 packages steels, 91 cases provisions, 16 packages earthenware, 25 packages arsenic, 47 cases claret, 40 barrels clay, 32 packages piecegoods, 6 packages cardamoms, 35 cases slates, 50 cases champagne, 10 drums turpentine, 1 case boots, 23 cases whisky, 28 cases liquor, 23 cases tobacco, 775 boxes candles, 90 packages glassware, 25 cases soap, 24 cases cochineal, 12 cases clocks, and many packages merchandise. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. McCulloch, Beyts and Co.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	From
16	Dorthea	Brinch	Port Natal, June 19.
17	Kangra (s)	Smith	Calcutta, June 25.

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
17	Scottish Tar	Crosby	Rangoon.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Euphrates, Clark, to Persian Gulf.
Steamer Inchelutha, Cracknell, to Dunkirk.

The steamer Chindwara, to Coast and Calcutta, was entered for loading yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

July	ARRIVALS.		
13	Deccan (s)	Chapman	London, June 7.
	Breadalbane	Wilson	Cardiff, January 11.
	Mow Hill	William	Cape Town, May 4.

DEPARTURES.

July 13—Steamers Reliance, Medina, Curlew, Kerbela Inchmarnish and Ross-shire. Ship Allanshaw.

MADRAS.

July	ARRIVALS.		
14	Asia (s)	.....	Rangoon, &c.
	Princeport	.....	Rio de Janeiro.
16	Chanda (s)	.....	Calcutta.

July	DEPARTURES.		
14	Quetta (s)	.....	London.
	Calcutta (s)	.....	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 17.

FROM GLASGOW.

Armenia (s)—39 cases sewing machines, N. M. Patell; 300 kegs red lead, Hemraj Khimjee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Scottish Tar—5 tiers beef and 5 barrels port, Cursetjee and Eduljee Dubashee.

Merton Hall (s)—1,378 bundles hoop iron, R. H. Cheetham and Co.

Alleghany (s)—14 casks salammoniac, Hemraj Khimjee; 25 cases clocks, Hajee Esmall Abdoola; 50 cases yellow metal sheets, W. and A. Graham and Co.

Armenia (s)—5 casks brasswire, Owen and Okell; 99 packages empty sodawater bottles and 12 packages glass, earthen and hardwares, Treacher and Co; 75 cases yellow metal sheets, W. and A. Graham and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Khedive (s)—25 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Shannon (s)—50 cases brandy, Nusserwanjee Manuckjee and Co; 5 cases brandy, 2 cases bitters, 8 cases champagne, 3 cases burgundy and 22 cases liquors, Rogers and Co; 5 cases cochineal, Mohuniall Damodur.

FROM VENICE.

Venetia (s)—2 cases beads, Mahamedally Essoofally.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

County of Selkirk—7 bales rags and 35 bales wool, Jeewandass Premjee; 60 bales wool, Pelly and Co; 150 bales cotton, Khetsee Mooljee; 96 bales cotton, Vajee Runchord; 100 bales cotton, Oojumsee Vukutchund; 71 bales cotton, M. D. Cama and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Wave Queen—91½ cwts linseed, W. and A. Graham and Co.

Peshawar (s)—1 case brasswares, Tarachund Purushram; 6,792 packages puttapurcha, pepper, sago, fishmaws, nutmegs and mace, the P. and O. Co.

FOR HULL.

Crystal (s)—2,003½ cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, P. Chrystal and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Sultana (s)—138 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Venetia (s)—75 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapathy; 1,500 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2 bales cotton, the P. and O. Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Venetia (s)—4 bales cotton, the P. and O. Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Abana (s)—800 cwts wheat and 225½ cwts barley, L. Naraen and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Venetia (s)—5 bales cotton, the P. and O. Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Venetia (s)—50 bales cotton, the P. and O. Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

True Briton—650 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Java (s)—391 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedass; 72 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Foolchund; 200 bales cotton, Bhimjee Munjee.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Geelong (s)—21 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Geelong (s)—2 cases cochineal, Quehm Eaoo; 27 bales cotton, Guneshlall Shobhagmull; 57 cwts sandalwood and 1,000 cwts Ghiram; 55 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram; 55 bales twist, Shriram Shewdutroy; 43 bales twist, Ebram Noordin and Co; 50 bales twist, Essa bin Khulifa; 25 bales twist, Sorabjee; 100 bales twist, Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy; 318 bales twist, Tata and Co; 156 bales twist, Hajee Essac Ellias; 40 bales cotton, S. N. Talati and Co; 40 bales twist, Hajee Adom Esmall and Co; 40 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 126 bales twist, Doongersee Gangjee; 203 bales cotton, W. and A. Graham and Co; 133 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 25 bales twist, Tyeb Hajee Joonus.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 16TH JULY, 1882.

Means of observations taken half an hour after 6 a. m. 10 a.m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m., and 10 p. m., Madras Time.

Barometer corrected, 32 deg. Fah.	29·629
Temperature of the Air	80·1
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·2
Dew Point	76·2
Relative humidity of Air	878
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	8·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6½ p. m.)	82·3
Minimum do. do. (read at 10½ a. m.)	76·6
General Direction of Wind	WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	537
Fall of Rain*	0·19
Total fall during month	18·41
,, ,, year	46·11

* From 12-30 a. m. to 12-30 a. m.

Additional fall of rain up to 10 a. m. of 17th..... 0·07

HIGH COURT.—JULY 18.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

211-76—Macfarlane and E.—Hajee Jackaria Hajee Joonas vs. Hajee Cassim, Hajee Abdoola Succoor—Prescot and W. and Skipsey and Wilkins.—Part heard.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice WEST.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

210-80—Tobin and R—The L. B. and M. Bank vs Khimjee Poonsey and another.

65-81—Shapurjee and T—Ambavahoo vs Joosub Jamal and others—R. M. Sayani, M. H. Khan.

73-81—Shapurjee and T—Ambavahoo vs Giga Mahomed and another.

508-81—Venayekrao H—Morarjee Huridas vs Dhondiram Oomerchund and another.

25-82—Chalk and W—The Oriental Loan Association vs R. A. Cole and another—A. F. Turner.

114-82—Tobin and R—Dewa Kana and others vs Venayekrao Ramchundra L.

132-82—Hore, C. and B—Narrondas Hurridas vs Thackersey Dewjee and another—Macfarlane and E.

167-82—Payne and G—Toolsa Natha and others vs M. A. DeSouza—Tobin and R.

205-82—Payne and G.—Banna Heera and others vs Ahmed Jooma and others—Jefferson B. and D.

230-82—Shapurjee and T.—Heerjee Hunsraj vs Madhowjee Visram.

236-82—Craigie, L. and O.—L. A. Wallace and others vs Nanabhoy Hormusjee and another—Macfarlane and E.

[illegible]82—Prescot and W—The Chartered Mer. Bank vs. J. E. Rodger.

[illegible]82—Tyabjee and D.—Tribhowandass Dayaram vs Mancooverbai alias Dewcoorbai.

[illegible]82—Payne and G—S. G. Sigg-Sulzer vs Nursey Natha.

[illegible]82—Skapsey and W—J. G. Fox vs Gangjee Nurput.

51-83—M. M. Munshi—Maniram Dayabhoy vs Malsey Jayram.

233-82—J. C. Cama—Manecksha Eduljee D. vs Bhaoo Dajee Boreker.

255-82—Payne and G—Bomonjee Pallonjee Nicholson vs W. A. Crisp—Balcrishna and B.

Long Causes.

316-81—Muljee and B.—Gulabchund Khooma vs Luximibai and others—In person—Part heard.

285-81—Tyabjee and D.—Motichund Hurruckchund vs Guneshdass Hurdoodas—R. M. Sayani.

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction.

3-82—Hore, C. and B.—Goswami Shri Girdharjee, &c. vs Luckmidass Bhimjee and others—Muljee and B.

Long Causes.

152-82—Ardesir and H.—Pestonjee Merwanjee Bharoocha vs Oogra Manna and others—M. M. Munshi.

153-83—M. M. Munshi—Oogra Manna and others vs. Pestonjee Merwanjee Bharoocha—Ardesir and H.

181-82—In person—Essoobai vs Dajeeba Gunput Patel.—In person.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 14.

Harden, Major, Station Staff Officer, on leave, from Benares.

JULY 16.

Mackenzie, Captain, 1st Belooch Regt., from leave, from Bangalore.

Maitland, Surg., on duty, from Poona.

Forbes, Lieut., 14th Bombay N. I., on duty, from Surat.

Beathe, Surg., on duty, from Mhow.

Seton, Lieut., Liverpool, on leave, from Dalhousie.

JULY 17.

White, Major, Adjt. Genl. on leave, from Allahabad.

Lean, Lieut., R. S. Fusiliers, on leave, from Secundrabad.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 17.

Werge, Captain, 28th Bombay N. I., to join, to Dharwar.

Maitland, Surg., on duty, to Kurrachee.

Mackenzie, Captain, 1st Belooch Regt., to join, to Hydrabad.

Forbes, Lieut., 14th Bombay N. I., on duty, to Poona.

Hall, Captain, Supt., Military Prison. Dept., on duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

by Lieut.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, July 18.

There will be a parade in the Town Hall on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 9 p. m. (Bombay time). The manual, firing and bayonet exercises will be practiced. All members are requested to attend.

By order,

W. M. TENNENT,
Capt. and Actg. Adjt., B. V. R. C.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Headquarters, Simla, July, 1882.

The C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

1st Bn. York and Lancaster Regt.—Lieut. W. G. Gray to be Instr. of Musk., vice Lieut. H. C. T. Littledale, promoted, subject to the approval of H. R. H. the Field Marshal Comdg-in-C. Dated 10th June.

1st Bn. West Riding Regt.—Lieut. F. A. Hyden to be Interpr., vice Lieut W. H. Cornish, appointed a probr. for the S. C. Dated 18th June.

6th N. I.—Lieut. H. A. S. Reid, 1st Bn. South Yorkshire Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 1st July.

16th N. I.—Lieut. W. Giles, 1st Bn. Suffolk Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 1st July.

28th N. I.—Lieut. A. L. Phillips, 2nd Bn. Dorsetshire Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 1st July.

Lieut. S. H. B. Hobbs, 2nd Bn. Loyal North Lancashire Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 1st July.

32nd N. I.—Major and Bt. Lieut. Col. G. N. Channer, V. C., Wing Comdr. 29th N. I., to be 2nd in Command, vice Bates, retired.

Lieut. F. C. E. Childers, R. A., having passed the necessary examination, is confirmed in the appointment of A.-de.-C. to Major Gen. Sir H. T. Maepherson, K. C. B., V. C., Comdg. Allahabad Div. Dated 29th Oct. 1881.

The undermentioned officers have leave to absence :—

1st Bn. Connaught Rangers.—Lieut. C. E. Wyncoll, (Offg. Wing Officer 5th N. I.) to Murree, for four months from date of availing himself of it, to study the native languages.

1st Bn. Worcestershire Regt.—Lieut. H. L. Haughton, (Offg. Wing Officer, on probn., 10th N. I.,) to Calcutta, for six months from date of availing himself of it, to study the native languages.

2nd Bn. Royal West Surrey Regt.—Lieut W. Thuiller (Offg. Wing Officer, on probn., 15th N. I.), to Bangalore, for six months from date of availing himself of it, to study the native languages.

Major W. T. Stuart, S. C., to Simla, from the 15th July to the 15th Jan. 1883, on private affairs.

11th Bengal Lancers.—Lieutenant S. B. Beatson, (S. C.) to Bombay, to study Persian, from date of availing himself of it, to 15th October.

16th N. I.—Lieut. Col. J. C. Minto (S. C.) to Darjeeling, from the 16th July to the 15th Oct. on private affairs.

14th N. I.—Capt. H. A. Sawyer (S. C.), to Landour and hills north of Dehra, from the 16th July to the 15th Oct. on private affairs.

30th N. I.—Lieut. F. S. St. Quintin, to Simla and adjacent hills, from the 18th July to the 15th Oct. on private affairs.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

4th Bn. King's Ri. Rifle Corps.—Lieut. E. Beacon for twelve months, on medical certificate.

1st Bn. West Riding Regt.—Lieut. F. A. Hayden for six months, on medical certificate.

1st Bn. Connaught Rangers.—Lieut. D. T. Hammond, for nine months, on private affairs.

1st Bn. Seaforth Highlanders.—Capt. J. Wallace, for 15 months on private affairs.

2nd Bn. Seaforth Highldrs.—Lieut. B. Craigie Halkett, for 15 months on private affairs.

2nd Bn. Lincolnshire Regt.—Lieut. J. P. Templer for twelve months, on medical certificate.

1st Bn. Border Regt.—Lieut. R. H. G. Heygate, for twelve months, on medical certificate.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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THE Austrian Lloyd's steamer "DAPHNE" has just ARRIVED in Bombay with another Consignment of the WORLD RENOWNED IRON FRAME PIANOS, solid walnut-wood, full compass, and unrivalled sweetness of tone.

Plain square Piano	Rs. 750
Sympathetic square	,, 825
Semi-grand, on three legs	,, 1,375

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Bombay, June 29, 1882. C. MARCKS & Co.,

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FOR the convenience of MOFUSSIL RESIDENTS, who are unable to visit us, we will, on application, forward a set of our patent METRICAL TEST GLASSES for self-f

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By London and Teheran.)

MANIFESTO OF SIR BEAUCHAMP SEYMOUR.

LONDON, JULY 17, NOON.

Admiral Seymour has issued a Manifesto undertaking to restore order, the Egyptian Government assenting.

ARABI'S POSITION.

LONDON, JULY 17, EVENING.

Arabi Pasha is at Kafredowar with a considerable force but they are in a demoralised state.

THE STATE OF ALEXANDRIA.

The bluejackets are flogging all looters they capture.

The native population are most obsequious. Many are starving.

H. M. Ironclads Agincourt and Northumberland with transports conveying 3,500 men are nearing Alexandria.

Cairo is quiet.

JOINT PROTECTORATE FOR THE CANAL.

LATER.

The French Government has accepted the invitation of the British Government for a joint protection of the Suez Canal.

THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17.

Orders were issued to-day for the equipment of the regiments destined for service in Egypt but notwithstanding this the general opinion here still seems to be that the Indian Contingent will not go.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 16.

The Anchor Line steamer Ischia left here for Bombay this morning.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, JULY 14.

Total week's sales of Cotton		72,000 bales.
" "	Surats	21,000 "
" "	Imports of Cotton	59,000 "
" "	Surats	6,000 "
" "	Stock of Cotton	826,000 "
" "	Surats	230,000 "
" "	Cotton in London	70,000 "

LONDON, JULY 14.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dholleras	4 9-16
The Manchester market has been slightly easier.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	83
4½ per cent. do.	89¾
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅝
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	99⅝
5 per cent. French Rentes	114¾
Bar Silver	51⅛
Arrival—Joseph Arbib.	

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

Fair Dholera	4 9-16
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	83
4½ per cent. do.	89¾
3 per cent. Consols for account	100
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	99⅝
5 per cent. French Rentes	114¾
Bar Silver	51⅛
Arrivals—Annie and Marshall.	

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JULY 17.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, *Via* direct cable

own countrymen and Englishmen, has set a praiseworthy example, which might well be followed with advantage by others, in sending his younger son, Baboo Soutindro Mohun Tagore, to England, to complete his studies."

THE Chief Commissioner of Assam has issued a curious order on the subject of local self-government. The Chief Commissioner has directed his District Deputies by circular to "elect" a native as Chairman of each District Road Committee. He proceeds to enjoin that when there is a large body of intelligent Europeans in the district, the Deputy Commissioner must under no circumstances "divest himself of authority" in their favour, but always so divest himself in favour of the native community. The *Englishman* remarks :—"A system of self-government—and it is in that interest that these orders have been issued—which directs a certain official to 'elect' a certain person, to the exclusion of others, to preside over a mixed committee is unique even for India. The injunction to his Deputies not to divest themselves of their authority in favour of intelligence when it is European seems to mean either that the men who have made the province what it is are to keep up the roads they want at their own expense, or that they are suspected of being likely to misuse the official garment of authority, if clothed therein. The practical result of carrying out this order will be that no European will consent to serve on a Road Committee, to supervise the construction and repair of roads, or to procure labour and to pay it, as is now the case."

THE home Military correspondent of the *Englishman* writes :—"Majors Carey and Long's Batteries of Royal Artillery, stationed at Aden, have rather a gloomy look-out. Instead of returning to England at the end of this year, as under ordinary circumstances they would have done if the new organisation scheme is carried out, they will have to remain in that lively quarter for five years instead of the customary twelve months, as the new arrangements only provide for relieving batteries after a tour of sixteen years' foreign service. Of course, they won't be left there. But the very possibility of such a thing is enough to give one a cold shudder if such a thing is ever indulged in in Aden."

AT the Cambridge Classical Tripos declaration in the Senate House, two lady students from Girton were announced in the first class, two from Girton and two from Newnham in the second, and six from Girton and one from Newnham in the third. It is said that all the Girton students who went into the examination passed in one or other of the divisions.

A CORRESPONDENT at St. Petersburg writes :—The last issue of the *Volnoje Slovo*, not a few copies of which, though prohibited, circulate privately, publishes the programme of a newly formed revolutionary society, of which the following particulars are of chief interest. The members of the society are as much as possible to associate with the people, but must attempt no revolutionary outbreak without orders from the leaders. All measures, legal or illegal, must be used to imprint revolutionary ideas in the mind of the nation. The chief object of the society is to get Russia governed according to the will of the people, and obtain the security of person and liberty and rights. The society recommends the refusal to pay any taxes, in the first instance. If this be not sufficient to induce the Government to obey the will of the nation more severe measures will be employed.

THE Government of Lagos are, it appears, indirectly involved in a quarrel with Ogudipe, a powerful Abbeokuta chief, concerning his fugitive slave-wife Owode, who has sought refuge from her husband in the British colony. Ogudipe, although he has hitherto been on very friendly terms with the British Government in the matter of missions, is described as a monster of cruelty. According to the *Lagos Times* he has during the last twelve or fifteen years murdered with his own hands not fewer than forty persons, many of them being his slave wives. One of his favourite amusements is to starve his slaves to death, and in several instances he has compelled his wives to drown their offspring in a neighbouring river. He delights in human sacrifices, and frequently after decapitating his victims, he has been known to drink their blood as a personal offering to the sanguinary deities he worships. The Abbeokutans tell many stories of his cruelties, which are too revolting to be repeated. That some of these stories are not without foundation is proved by the condition in which his slave-wife Owode arrived on British territory. It was in consequence of his having lopped off her ears and pared away a portion of her eyelids that she fled from him, and in ...going medical treatment at ...t Lagos.

...ve been used before now to ... it has been left to Ameri... but a new channel for their ... York *Medical Record* gives ... carrier pigeons by country ... of New York and Pennsyl... a patient the necessary ... at once to the dispensary ...dical man in Hamilton leaves ...m which he wishes reports ... a certain time. In this way ...d to at least a third more ...erwise could accomplish. In ...is supplied by carrier pigeon ...ourly condition of the patient ...d dark. The doctor referred ...e many cases where valuable ...n lost had he been obliged to ... means of conveying messages.

...id to have been posted in Kea... reward for the head of a licensed ...ichael Kearney, of Drumshambo, ... of a coal-mine, and who is ac... supplied coal to Lady Tenison's ...n. Why, asks an English paper, ... be content with his feet or his ...s eye-teeth ? The victim might ...ggle through the world with the ... of them, but he would find it ...e a great success in life without his ...

...change will shortly have to be ...method of procedure in the House ...ys a home paper. "Of late years a ... practice has been brought into ...ng Ministers to answer questions ... trivial subjects. To such lengths ...us practice been carried that on ... no fewer than one hundred and ...ons were put to Ministers before ...ness of the evening could commence. ...ntinue, and unless some change is ...de the House will have to sit the whole year round, with, say, a couple of hours' leave of absence for the Derby and two days (including Sunday) for grouse shooting in the Highlands. A remedy might be found for this unhappy state of affairs if an automaton, constructed after the Egyptian Hall pattern, were placed in the library of the House of Commons, to which all questions might be submitted. The purpose of the questioners would be equally well served, as in the majority of cases they are simply anxious to see their names in the local papers."

THE DISBANDED SEPOYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The "Reorganisation of the Indian Army" is a subject to which I have given very little attention. I am even ignorant of the causes which led to the disbandment of a number of native infantry and cavalry regiments ; but I can corroborate the statement of your correspondent "Eminent success" that the policy of disbandment will scatter over the country a number of trained men thoroughly disgusted, if not discontented. Travelling in the interior lately, I met parties of men, unmistakeably sepoys in undress, trudging wearily along, some of them accompanied by women and children. Most of them saluted, some passed sullenly on ; all wore a most dejected look, I thought. Accosting a tall, smart-looking Mahratta, I asked if he were on leave. No, he was one of the disbanded ——th N. I. ; the Sirkar had treated them badly ; he had served twelve or thirteen years, and was now turned adrift, after having spent the best years of his life in the service. True, he was given a pension of Rs. 2-14 (as near as I can remember), but he was a disappointed man. I mentioned that he had his children to support, or relations to another regiment. He promptly answered that some of the men of his regiment had become "bolunteer," but that the majority had preferred retiring. Why should they, he continued, be allowed up in the ranks of another regiment ? Their "nisan," *Anglice* identity, had been destroyed ; the corps they were proud of, whose honour and reputation they had been taught to guard, was gone. No, salaam Sahib ; he preferred spending the rest of his life in the seclusion of his "gaom." He would take to the plough, never again to resume the sword.

CINCINNATUS

A COMPLAINT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It may result in some benefit to the public if you would make known, through your paper, a grievance that I am sure must be very general, at this time of the year at least.

I allude to the great want of shelter of some sort in the Post-office building along the upstairs passage leading to the money-order office. This passage is exposed to the full force of wind and rain ; it is quite uncovered, and having no outlets of any kind, it is almost ankle-deep in water after some of the heavy showers of rain we have been having lately. And this is the only means of access to the office for hundreds who have daily to go there ! It is bad enough to have to avoid rain in getting to the Post-office, but it is very dreadful when, after once getting there, you find that it is virtually a condition of your doing business that you must get wet. Surely, in monsoon weather at least, some temporary covering should be erected, or other means afforded to the public of getting to the money-order office other than by the road provided for them.

ONE INCONVENIENCED.

July 17.

THE DESAI OF GANDEVI AND THE BILLIMORA FISHERMEN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—From time to time a cry is raised in your columns about the Desai's taxes and the Desai's oppression of his subjects, which is calculated to create impressions in certain quarters prejudicial to the interests and position of the party concerned.

The Desai of Gandevi is a hereditary jagirdar of many villages, both in British and Gaekwari territory ; but the bulk of his jagirs is in British territory. Much misapprehension seems to prevail in the mind of your correspondent N. F. Billimoria, and others, about the nature of the Desai's haks, *i. e.*, rights against the fishermen. To disabuse the minds of these pseudo-philanthropists, allow me to state a few facts ; and I hope they will cease to inflict their effusions on you. The Desai is the proprietor of the village of Billi, which is a part of the town of Billimora, and the fishermen are his tenants. The lands of Billi are let to different tenants in various parcels for building purposes. The Parsees pay a fixed sum annually for the lands occupied by the whole community, and also pay a certain sum on transferring or renewing any individual lease. The Hindus hold lands on terms much differing from those of the Parsees. The fishermen who reside on the Desai's land pay their rents per head, *i.e.*, every adult ablebodied fisherman or sailor pays Rs. 5 per annum. Here the rent falls on those only who earn something, and are able to pay, while hundreds of widows, orphans, and old fishermen live on the Desai's land rent free. This arrangement of paying rents is more than a hundred years old, and if it has any advantage over other modes of payment, the advantage lies on the side of the tenant. These ingenuous fishermen, instigated no doubt by their sympathising co-tenants, the Parsees, deny the Desai's right of ownership of the lands, after paying rents for more than a hundred years ! The Baroda authorities investigated the Desai's title to the lands in question at the instance of the fishermen, and when they were satisfied of the validity of his title, they very properly instructed the Sobha Sahib not to interfere any longer in the management of the Desai's jagirs. In this case the poor Desai is more sinned against than sinning. For nearly three years past the Desai has received no rents from the fishermen, and is in a fair way of losing them altogether. Your correspondent will now see little occasion to abuse either the Desai or H. E. Sir T. Mahdev Rao. The best he can do for his friends the fishermen is to advise them to quit and seek cheaper quarters ; and the poor Desai will be only too thankful to get rid of such tenants.

VERITAS.

Gandevi, July 16.

SOUNDY AND CO., LIMITED.

AN ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of Soundy and Co., Limited, was held on Saturday last at the registered office of the company, Mr. Jas. Greaves in the chair.

After reading the report it was proposed by Dr. Cody, and seconded by Dr. D'Gama, "That the directors' report, together with the audited accounts and balance sheet, be approved and adopted." Carried.

Proposed by Dr. D'Gama, and seconded by Mr. H. Watson, "That the dividend as specified in the report, *i.e.*, Rs. 7-8 per share equal to 14 per cent. on the paid-up capital, be made payable on and after the 24th instant."

Moved by Mr. E. Spinner, and seconded by Mr. G. Inzoli, "That the present directors who retire be re-elected for the ensuing year." Carried.

Proposed by Mr. A. C. Walker, and seconded by Mr. N. S. Jamsetjee, "That Mr. T. Matheson be appointed auditor of the company for the ensuing year."

Proposed by Mr. H. Watson, and seconded by Dr. Cody, "That a vote of thanks be accorded to the Chairman, Directors, and Secretary for their exertions, and the satisfactory results of the past year's business." Carried.

The following is the report :—Your directors have the pleasure to lay before you the profit and loss account and balance sheet of the company for the year ending 30th June, 1882. The company was registered on the 16th day of July, 1881, and a few weeks afterwards Mr. Soundy proceeded to Europe, and made highly satisfactory arrangements for a supply of first-class instruments and other stock. From various causes it was late in November before the first shipments arrived. Could they have reached here earlier, the accounts would have shown a still more gratifying result. Since November the company has been carrying on its business with an unequalled stock, the whole of which is insured. Upon an accurate stock-taking made the week before the registration of the company, it was found that the stock represented Rs. 33,030-2, leaving only Rs. 6,969-14 as a payment for good-will, at which amount it is accordingly entered in the balance sheet. The directors have carefully considered the question of an allowance for depreciation. So much of the plant is quite new that it appears to them more than sufficient if 5 per cent. or Rs. 3,060-1-4 is provided on this account. The directors are not aware of any bad debts having been made, but still a provision for this should from time to time be made by a reserve fund. The actual cost of the formation of the company were small ; the expenses of Mr. Soundy's visit to Europe were, of course, larger, but the advantage of his journey to the company has been great and will be continuous. The directors therefore propose to treat all these expenses as preliminary to be paid out of profits in, say, three years. The proportion to be paid this year will be :—Preliminary expenses account (⅓), Rs. 1,594-5-10 ; good-will account (⅓), Rs. 2,323-4-8 ; depreciation account at 5 per cent., Rs. 3,372-11-10 ; total Rs. 7,290-0-4. The gross profits are Rs. 20,774-5-9 ; which, after deducting the above item of Rs. 7,290-0-4, leaves the sum of Rs. 13,483-15-5 ; which your directors propose to dispose of as under, and which fulfils the expectations mentioned in the prospects :—400 shares on which Rs. 100 has been paid at Rs. 10 per share, Rs. 4,000 ; 600 shares on which Rs. 75 per share has been paid at Rs. 7-8 per share, which is equal to 14 per cent. on the capital paid up from the dates of payment of the respective calls, Rs. 4,500 ; reserve and renewal account, Rs. 4,983-15-5 ; total Rs. 13,483-15-5. The directors have thought it expedient to call up the remainder of the capital, which has been done. The final call was made payable on the 1st July. Profitable employment of the money can be found in the company's business and paid-up shares are always more marketable than those upon which any liability remains.

THE INDIAN POST-OFFICE.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.)

THE following review by the Government of India in the Financial Department of the operations of the Postal Department during the official year 1881-82 is published for general information.

POST-OFFICES.—The year opened with 5,336 district and imperial post-offices, and in the course of the year the number was increased by 329, so that at the end of 1881-82 5,665 post-offices were in operation.

ARTICLES ENTRUSTED TO POST-OFFICES FOR DELIVERY.—The following classified list shows the various articles entrusted to the Postal Department for delivery, and contrasts the operations of the years 1880-81 and 1881-82. The large increments afford satisfactory evidence of growing prosperity, and of an increasing appreciation of the facilities which the Postal Department affords.

	1880-81	1881-82	Increase.
LETTERS.—Ordinary	125,960,304	127,891,620	1,931,316
" Registered ..	2,712,680	3,248,788	536,106
POST-CARDS	14,865,121	21,953,265	7,088,144
PARCELS	1,082,868	1,152,070	71,202
NEWSPAPERS	11,942,304	12,526,800	584,496
BOOKS AND PATTERN PACKETS.—Ordinary ..	2,042,173	2,318,010	275,837
" Registered..	63,406	69,272	5,866
Total....	158,666,856	169,159,823	10,492,967
MONEY-ORDERS	..	2,645,129	..

REGISTRATION.—On August 1, 1881, the fee for registration was reduced from 4 annas to 2 annas ; when this measure was adopted it was estimated that the change would entail a loss of postal revenue to the extent of 2½ lakhs of rupees in the year. The diminished charge was, however, followed by a substantial increase in the number of registrations. No fewer than 541,672 letters and parcels in excess of the numbers presented in the preceding year were registered. By far the greater part of this increase accrued subsequent to the alteration in the rate. Contrasting the figures of 1881-82 with those of 1880-81, the loss of revenue consequent on the reduced fee for registration amounted to Rs. 1,53,000, being Rs. 72,000 less than the original estimate.

POST-CARDS.—The increase under post-cards has been great and rapid. These cards were introduced into India in July, 1879. They became popular at once. During the nine months from July, 1879, to March, 1880, the post-offices delivered 7,471,081 of them. It may be roughly estimated that had they been brought in on 1st April instead of on 1st July, the number used would have been about ten millions. The figures for the complete years 1880-81 and 1881-82 are nearly 15 and 22 millions respectively, so that in 1881-82 the issue increased by 7 millions over 1880-81, and since they were introduced three years ago their employment has risen by about 12 millions. These results show the popularity of the cards. It will be observed, moreover, that the use of post-cards has not resulted in a decrease of communications by letter.

NEWSPAPERS.—The figures under newspapers mark satisfactory progress. The increases are doubtless in some measure due to the reduction of postage on newspapers not exceeding three tolahs. From 13th November, 1881, it was ruled that newspapers weighing not more than three tolahs could be transmitted through the post for ½ instead of ½ anna, provided publishers paid for the postage in cash in advance. The Director-General of Post Offices now reports that during the 4½ months of 1881-82 that the new rule was in operation the cash prepayment system was accepted for 247 out of the 414 light newspapers published in India.

MONEY-ORDERS.—The work of issuing and paying money-orders was transferred from treasuries to post-offices in January, 1880, and the fact of 2,645,129 orders having been delivered by the department in twelve months indicates the degree in which the largely extended agency for making remittances which the Postal Department affords is appreciated.

REMAINING HEADS.—The remaining heads mark satisfactory improvement.

SAVINGS BANKS.—Post-office Savings Banks were not started till the commencement of the current official year, *i.e.*, till the 1st April, 1882. The ascertained results of three months' working are as follows :—

Amount in deposit on April		Rs.
15th		1,00,357
22nd		1,95,566
29th		2,62,114
May	6th	3,25,709
	13th	4,05,123
	20th	4,51,756
	27th	4,98,636
June	3rd	5,47,661
	10th	6,01,910
	17th	6,58,173
	24th	7,16,324
July	1st	7,67,291

It results from these figures that deposits in the Post-office Savings Banks have up to the present time been made at an average rate of about Rs. 60,000 a week. The number of Post-office Savings Banks now in operation is 4,014. These banks have not been opened within the Bombay Presidency ; and in the case of the Madras Presidency their institution has been restricted to the interior of districts. Detailed figures are not as yet available to show to what extent, if any, the establishment of Post-office Savings Banks has affected deposits in District Savings Banks.

THE BORAH AND THE BRITON.

A SUNDAY MORNING'S ELEGY !

'Tis the voice of the Borah : I hear him complain,
"I have been 'done' once, I am now 'done' again :
The first was a Captain of H. M.'s Navee,
No Captain so gay or so generous as he.
I sold him my bracelets, salt-cellars, and mugs,
Mustard-pots, sugar-basins, and the claret-jugs,
In fact, all my silver I sold him galore.
He said, 'I will pay you, good Borah, ashore.'
But alas ! that gay Captain ne'er left his own ship ;
He's now got his pension and is gone for a trip
For the rest of his life to Great Britain's far strand,
But his money will ne'er cross the palm of my hand.

"The next was a merchant of well-known renown,
Respected most highly throughout Bombay town.
He bought of me freely—took things without stint,
Then promised to "pay 'me—I ne'er had a hint
That man would deceive me—I thereupon went
To his office one day on my 'paisa' intent.
He gave me a cheque for a part of his debt :
To his Bankers I took it, and was at once met
With the answer, 'No assets—so you must refer
To the drawer, dear Borah, for we much prefer
Not to part with the coin.'

"This upset me, I own,
For I to that merchant had confidence shown.
And he'd played on me thus !

"Well, to him I returned,
But quickly from out of his office was spurned
With a British expression. Then to my attorney
Slowly I wended, a sorrowful journey.
He tried thus to cheer me—' Don't you be alarmed :
The Small Cause Court is open and you'll not be harmed.
I'll file a short plaint—then you'll get a decree,
And that merchant will pay you almost cheerfully !'

"Well, to him I returned,
My suit was about to come on soon, I heard,
When alas ! that good merchant was as good as his word :
He promised to 'pay' me—and so he has—'out.'
I've sold him my wares and they're gone up the spout,
He drew on his Bankers and has now 'drawn' on me,
And has made his way bravely o'er the 'kala pane !'
Not once only thus have I been 'done,' but twice :
By Vishnu, by Shiva, I'll ne'er be 'done' thrice !"

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Criminal Sessions, High Court, 10 a.m.
Band, 4th K. O. Rogt., Esplanade, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived on the 16th :—Dorothea, from Port Natal. Yesterday :—Kangra (s), Calcutta.

VESSEL SAILED.—The following vessel sailed yesterday :—Scottish Tar, for Rangoon.

MUSIC AT THE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the K. O. R. L. Regiment at the Esplanade bandstand this evening (weather permitting) :—

Overture	Light Cavalry ..... Suppé.
Scena and Aria	Faust ..... Donizetti.
Valse	Mon Reve ..... Waldteufel.
Selection	Trial by Jury ..... Sullivan.
Valse	Albertha ..... Emile Rosati.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Armenia and Alleghany entered the dock on Sunday, and the s. s. Peshwa and Dryburgh Abbey entered yesterday.

CARRYING EXCESS PASSENGERS.—Ambao Hurriba, the tindal of a native craft, was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of carrying a greater number of passengers than his vessel is licensed to carry. He was fined Rs. 15.

EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER.—House No. 129, Jail-road, belonging to Kessowjee Jadowjee, partly fell in on Sunday evening last. No one was injured. The Municipal authorities have ordered the top floor of the house to be vacated.

GAMBLERS.—Pedro Savage and nine other Portuguese, described as cooks, fitters, painters, &c., were yesterday charged at the instance of Inspector Kling, Nowrojee Dosabhoy Master, with gaming in a common gaming-house at Grant-road. They were all convicted, and fined Rs. 5 each.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Bawa Bapoo, a servant employed at the Morarjee Goculdas Spinning and Weaving Mill, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing sixteen pieces of white cloth, valued at Rs. 1, the property of the mill company. He was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFTS.—Thomas Smith, a European fireman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing from the house of James Patterson towels, rugs, a brush and comb., &c., of the value of Rs. 5. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.—Jakha Lakha was also yesterday convicted by the same magistrate, upon two separate charges, of the theft of a silk *sarree* and other wearing apparel of the value of Rs. 9, belonging to two parties. He was sentenced to an accumulated term of six months' rigorous imprisonment.

A DARING FELLOW.—Gopal Succaram was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of house-trespass and an attempt to steal a silver armlet, valued at Rs. 15, the property of Mahadao Abajee, at Chuna-Bhutty. Prisoner, on the night previous, entered complainant's room, where he, his wife, and child were asleep, and attempted to remove the armlet in question from the person of complainant's wife. She raised an alarm, and prisoner was arrested and handed over to the police. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—JULY 17.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice LATHAM and a Special Jury).

THE KOLHAPORE DEFAMATION CASES.

THE trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak, on the charge of defaming Rao Bahadoor Mahadew Wassoodew Barve, State Karbaree of Kolhapore, was continued this day.

Mr. Lang, Advocate-General, and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little, appeared for the prosecution ; and Mr. Branson and Mr. Telang, instructed by Messrs. Shapurjee and Thakordas, for the defence.

Waman Govind Ranade, editor and proprietor of the *Dnyan Prakash*, was called for the defence. He stated that he made the acquaintance of the accused in December last. While at Poona the accused came to him one day and asked him how he got the three letters alleged by the prosecution to be forgeries. Witness wrote a letter, dated the 10th December last, to the accused, assuring him that the letters were genuine.

In cross-examination the witness stated that Tilak had told him that he intended submitting the three letters to Government, and consequently he should require some opinion in writing as to their genuineness. It was known in December, at Poona, that witness was acting on behalf of Radhabai. He did not tell that to the accused, nor did the latter ask him anything about it. Witness communicated the allegations against Mr. Barve after the discovery of the three letters, not before. He had signed the petition read at Ambabai's temple. No allegations were directly made against Mr. Barve in that petition. Witness had drafted a telegram to be sent to the *Bombay Gazette* on the 1st October last ; but he learnt that it was suppressed by the Political Agent. Witness never doubted the genuineness of the letters, which he still believed to be authentic.

Venayek Ragonath Kele, formerly Sudder Ameen in the Kolhapore State, and who retired in 1879 on a pension, said he was asked by the accused his opinion about the three letters. Witness had stated that they were in the handwriting of Mr. Barve.

His Lordship referred the witness to some answers given by him in the previous cases, showing that his evidence was contradictory in some points.

Hari Anant Gabale, fouzdar of Kolhapore city, gave evidence generally similar to that given by him in the previous cases.

Mr. Telang then briefly addressed the court for the defence. He contended, as he had done on Saturday last, that the accused had no reason to regard Mr. Barve as otherwise than respectable persons, at the time when they saw the accused and assured him that the letters were genuine. The articles appearing in the *Maratha* were based upon information which the accused then believed to be true ; and the evidence adduced in the case showed that the prisoner had all along been actuated by good faith, and had made the allegations against Mr. Barve with all the care and attention which the law required. Unless the liberty of the press, which they boasted so much of, was a mere sham, the jury would come to the conclusion that the accused, as an editor, was not only justified in criticising the public conduct of a public man like Mr. Barve, but he was bound to do so in the discharge of his duty to society. Mr. Inverarity had stated that the accused did not come forward with an apology until the last moment. With reference to this, Mr. Telang said that it could not be otherwise, as both Bhide and Ranade adhered to their statements to the last. It was only the conviction of Bhide which assured the accused that the statements upon which he had relied were false.

Mr. Inverarity, in addressing the court for the prosecution, said he need not trouble the jury about the publication of the *Maratha* newspaper in Bombay, which was practically admitted. The point at issue was, whether the accused used due care and caution in making allegations against Mr. Barve. It must be borne in mind that a mere honest belief was not sufficient ; and even assuming that the prisoner believed when he published the articles complained of to be true, the question was, on what grounds was that belief founded and were those grounds sufficient ? The learned Counsel thought that the question to be considered was whether upon the information supplied to him a prudent man would have acted in the same way as the accused had done. It was clear on evidence that the article of the 16th October last having been published before the accused had received the communications either of Bhide or Ranade, it was not based upon any information supplied by them. The shifty evidence of Waman Shivram Apte, who described himself as one of the contributors of the *Maratha*, showed that the article was founded upon information derived from the *Dnyan Sagar* of the 3rd October. It was no excuse that the accused only repeated what had been previously stated in another paper ; for if the excuse were allowed, it would be giving the greatest possible indulgence to slander and falsehood. It was urged on behalf of the defence that the prisoner was justified in making allegations against Mr. Barve, when he saw that other native papers which had been publishing them ever since the year 1879 had not been prosecuted. It was true that Mr. Barve took no notice of the attacks upon him, following the advice of Colonel Schneider, who thought that if proceedings were taken, the name of the Maharajah would be unnecessarily "dragged through the dirt." Colonel Schneider probably thought that if Mr. Barve were to institute a prosecution in respect of libels against him, the Maharajah's habits of the Maharajah would be brought to light. Did this silence on the part of Mr. Barve justify the accused in believing that the charges against him were true ? There were many reasons, such as poverty, disdain, and a regard to collateral circumstances, which would prevent a man from prosecuting his slanderer, as much as a consciousness of guilt on his part. It was therefore very improbable on the part of the accused to have jumped to the conclusion that because the charges against Mr. Barve had passed unnoticed for a long time, they must be true. He ought to have made independent inquiries as to the truth of the charges before making them public, as the law did not allow a man to repeat a slander, and then hide himself beneath the excuse that it was only a repetition. Before the two other articles complained of were published, the prisoner had the three forged letters produced by Nana Bhide and Ranade. These persons had told the accused that the letters were in Mr. Barve's handwriting. The accused was not told where the letters had come from ; nor did he make any such inquiries as a prudent man was expected to make before charging a gentleman in a high position with treason and conspiracy. The prisoner must have known that both Bhide and Ranade were the agents of Radhabai ; and when the three letters were suddenly produced in support of the statements which the agents had been making, the circumstance should have aroused his suspicions as to their genuineness. As a matter of fact, it was quite clear that the prisoner had very strong suspicions about the letters, and he accordingly took a written assurance from Bhide and Ranade that they were genuine. Was that the conduct of a man who believed in their genuineness ? But it might be readily imagined that the desire of giving something startling to the readers of the *Maratha* and the hope of increasing its circulation had led the accused to publish the letters, upon which were based the most scandalous charges imaginable against the prosecution. The accused, knowing that Mr. Barve enjoyed the full confidence of the Government ; that he was made a C.I.E. on the 1st of January last ; that the Government treated the telegram and petitions with silent contempt—ought to have seen that it was his duty to have made the fullest inquiries before publishing any allegations of a serious nature. In the apology which the editors offered they stated that their allegations had been based upon information supplied from time to time by Bhide and Ranade. But this was entirely false with regard to the article written in October last. The learned counsel further said that Nana Bhide was a mookhtear or a law agent, and the accused ought to have received his information with unusual caution, as a mookhtear was not a sort of man who would be touched by scruples of conscience. The same remark applied in a certain degree to Ranade, who was a district pleader.

His Lordship, in his charge to the jury, said the case was one of considerable importance, and it consequently demanded their earnest attention. It was not similar to the two cases which had preceded, and did not involve the question as to the conduct of the Prime Minister of Kolhapore to his Prince. But it involved the very important question as to where the line should be drawn between the due liberty of the press and its unwarrantable abuse ; and the jury would have to decide on which side of the line had been the conduct of the prisoner. It was said by counsel on both sides that the only real question before them was that of the good faith of the prisoner. The articles in respect of which the accused was charged were certainly very defamatory, and were calculated to injure the reputation of Mr. Barve. His Lordship having discussed the question of the publication of the *Maratha* in Bombay, and having decided that the publication was proved, went on to say that before he considered the evidence adduced in the case, he might with advantage make one or two remarks as to where the line should be drawn between liberty and the abuse of liberty by a public writer. His Lordship, quoting the remarks of an eminent judge, said that every citizen had full freedom of speech, but he should not abuse it ; and that it was a mistake to suppose that there was any legal distinction in this respect between the editor of a newspaper and other individuals. If a public writer, in the course of temperate and legitimate criticism, made an error beyond the strict line drawn by law, the law would not punish him, provided there was sufficient honesty of purpose. Sir Alexander Cockburn had stated that it was right to be expected that public journals should always be infallible. He also said that a line must be drawn between criticisms of public conduct and the imputations of motives by which that conduct might have been actuated. Imputations were only allowable when they arose fairly and legitimately out of a man's conduct. In applying these remarks to the present case, the jury must take into consideration the information on which the prisoner had based his allegations as well as the surrounding circumstances. The jury must consider whether the prisoner had any personal and private grudge against Mr. Barve, apart from his position as a journalist. His Lordship, however, must tell them that there was no evidence whatever of the prisoner having any grudge. They should also consider the articles which were published in the *Maratha*, in order that they might be able to form an idea from their general tone as to the articles which formed the subject of the three charges against the accused ; and it must be remembered that the jury should not find the prisoner guilty of defamation on account of anything defamatory that might be found in the articles which were not included in the charge. It was a maxim of law that good faith was to be presumed unless the contrary appeared ; and also good faith was not destroyed by some slight exaggeration. In publishing the first article complained of, the prisoner stated that communication with either Nana Bhide or Ranade. It was true that in the apology offered by the accused, he referred to these persons as the source of his information ; but that statement was not applicable to the article of the 16th October. The jury must remember what the prosecution stated ... accused must, as a reasonable man, ... whether the allegations could be true o... considering the question of due care an... the jury must not judge from the c... of Nana Bhide and Ranade ... characters must have been known ... accused in their proper light at th... when they supplied him with infor... It was argued that the articles complained ... a repetition of the allegations which had be... lished in various other newspapers. But ... would not be exercising due care if he were to ... up a defamatory statement and repeat it in his ... paper, without satisfying himself as to its ... rectness. His Lordship then proceeded to re... number of articles put in in the course of the t... and pointed to the epithets applied to ... Barve, who in one place was called an "Ind... Claudius." As to the second and third arti... which formed the subject of the charges against ... accused, his Lordship remarked that th... were based upon the three letters alleged to be ... the handwriting of Mr. Barve, and which wer... produced by Bhide and Ranade. Both these article... being similar in the nature of their allega... tions, must either stand or fall together. In considering the question of good faith in regard to the two later articles, the jury must ask themselves what impression the letters must make on the mind of a man while reading them. It was true that they purported to reveal a plot against the Maharajah, the head of the historical house of the Mahrattas, in whose welfare that community was interested. With reference to the question whether there was proper care exercised by the accused in publishing those letters, his Lordship directed the attention of the jury at length to the evidence given by Rambhat Shirgonshekar, Nana Bhide, and Ranade, as well as the three persons Kele, Gabale, and another who had examined the letters and had stated it to be their opinion that they were in the handwriting of Mr. Barve. His Lordship remarked that the accused should have had some stronger and more reliable materials to go upon than he had at the time he published the letters and the grave charges based upon them. The prisoner had given an apology ... but there was nothing in it to convince them of his good faith and due care at the time when the allegations were made.

After the summing up, which occupied over a couple of hours, the jury retired for a short time, and returned a unanimous verdict of "guilty" with reference to the first charge. As to the second and third charge, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty by a majority of seven to two.

In answer to his Lordship, the foreman said that there was no chance of their agreeing on the two other charges.

His Lordship said he agreed with the verdict of the majority with reference to the second and third charge.

Gopal Ganesh Agarkar and Bal Gangadhar Tilak were then charged with defaming Mr. Barve in respect of articles published in the *Kesari* newspaper, of which they are editors.

The prisoners pleaded guilty to the charge, stating that they had no further evidence to give in this case than that in the preceding one.

The five persons who have been convicted of defaming Mr. Barve in connection with the Kolhapore affair were then brought forward to receive sentence.

His Lordship, in passing sentence against Gopal Ganesh Agarkar, said that he acquitted the prisoner of malignity, but his fault was want of proper care and a failure to observe the responsible duty which was imposed upon him as the editor of a newspaper. The sentence of the court on the prisoner was simple imprisonment for a term of four months.

His Lordship, in sentencing Bal Gangadhar Tilak, said.—The same observations which I have made in respect of the previous prisoner apply to your case. You are equally responsible with the prisoner Agarkar for the articles in the *Kesari*. The sentence of the court on you also is four months' simple imprisonment.

With reference to the case in which Bal Gangadhar Tilak was convicted of publishing defamatory articles in the *Maratha*, his Lordship said.—The case with regard to the *Maratha* is identical with the case in regard to the *Kesari*. The sentence of the court on you, Tilak, is simple imprisonment for four months, the sentence to run concurrently with that passed against you in the *Kesari* case.

When Nana Bhide was asked why sentence should not be passed upon him, he proceeded

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits at rates to be obtained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.
Bombay, April 1, 1881.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK
OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE:—65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

MONEY REMITTED
At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
„ SCOTLAND, | „ PARIS.
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.

If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.

CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of, Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST
On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
On terms which may be ascertained on application at the Bank.

All letters should be addressed, and hoondies made payable, to the AGENT, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

H. W. JONES,
Bombay, 8th December, 1880. Agent.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED,
SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION—REVOLVERS.—Officers proceeding on service can obtain Revolvers for Government ammunition at SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

PICTURES.—The finest collection of Framed and Unframed Pictures in India.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

CLASSIC PANELS.—Beautifully executed classic subjects, mounted in panels under glass, can be framed if required.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS, from the genuine Old Established firm in Stuttgart, our own special design of iron Frame and Case. We invite comparison.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

VIOLIN STRINGS.—A large stock on hand of the best Italian and French make, also Guitar and Banjo Strings.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

MUSIC ROLLS AND FOLIOS for carrying a few pieces of Music. Rs. 2 each.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

EVERY MAIL we receive a parcel of new Vocal, Instrumental and Dance Music.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANO CANDLESTICKS.—Richly electro-plated, new patterns, with glass shades complete. Rs. 12, 14, and 16 per pair.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

FOR CHILDREN, an invoice of TOYS of a superior quality to be cleared off cheap.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

ALBUMS for Cartes-de-visite at Re. 1-8 to Rs. 9 each, the best and cheapest ever offered to the public.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

THE GAME BIRDS OF INDIA.
In 3 Vols., Royal 8vo., 144 beautiful colored plates, 980 pp. letter press.)

INTENDING PURCHASERS should remit Rs. 61-8 (giving their names and full addresses VERY clearly written) to the AGENT of the ORIENTAL BANK, Calcutta, " for credit to the GAME BIRD FUND. The work will then be promptly forwarded to them, post paid.

FOR A PAYMENT OF ABOUT FIFTEEN RUPEES a MONTH a man of good health, aged 20, may secure in the Standard Life Office a sum of FIVE THOUSAND RUPEES, payable at the age of 55, or at death should it happen beforehand.

THE SAME PROVISION IF COMMENCED
At age 30, would cost about Rs. 20 a month;
At age 40, would cost about Rs. 34 a month.

Policies are granted for larger or smaller amounts than Rs. 5,000 and are charged for in the same proportion. All particulars on application to SECRETARY, STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay.

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
POONA.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs.:; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale. Rs. 35 pr month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horse bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attentio. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forges under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE, AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepard VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indin Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market, near Jumma Masjid.

SARSAPARILLA.
Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, EMACIATION, BOILS, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will, by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla.*"—*Medical Review.*
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*
The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla* says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON, 270, Regent St., London.
Sold in small, medium and large ottles.
CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark W, in a diamond, at the bottom of the bottle
WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co.; KEMP & Co.; ROGERS & Co.; BOLTON & Co., Bombay and all respectable Firms in India.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other Insects are Destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT POWDER, which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals. In exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than, "KEATING'S POWDER," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists in small bottles.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—An External Means of CURING SKIN DISEASES. There is scarcely any eruption but will yield to "Sulpholine" in a few days, and commence to fade away even if it seems past cure. Ordinary pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, roughness, vanish as if by magic; whilst old, enduring skin disorders, that have plagued the sufferers for years, however deeply rooted they may be, "Sulpholine" will successfully attack them. It destroys the animalculæ which cause these unsightly, irritable, painful affections, and always produces a clear, healthy, natural condition of the skin. "Sulpholine" Lotion is sold by most Chemists. Bottles, 2s. 9d. Made by J. PEPPER & Co., London. Sold by TREACHER and Co.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates this tonic is invaluable.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC rouses and develops the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels languor and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections and in wasting disease, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the constitution greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s. 6d.; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents in India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London. This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, headache, drowsiness, no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning, giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feeling of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort within 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid, made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d, and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India, Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER will darken grey hair, and in a few days completely bring back the natural colour. The effect is superior to that produced by an instantaneous dye, and does not injure the skin.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Recommended for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER.—No other hair dressing is requisite. Large Bottles, 4s. 6d. Sold by Chemists, Hair-dressers, and Perfumers in London, and throughout the world. Lockyer's is equal to any of the high-priced preparations. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DR. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury.)
THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDERS, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEAD-ACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered liver and dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many eminent surgeons to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.

In Boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.
Sold by Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Prepared by Dr. Jas. Rorke, London.
Specially valuable Pills for residents abroad and traveller.

ADVERTISING
AT
RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press having leased from the *GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY* and the *BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY*, the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these two Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices of Advertisements on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Adertisers in India. Looking to the great and incessing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c. seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by the G. I. P. or B. B. and C. I. Railways to their destinations, Placards exhibited at the different stations on those lines are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers business to the notice of the public.

Advertisers can select the stations, on either line, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in English or any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Rs. 2 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square will have the advantage of having his business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 2. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to THE MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort

STATIONS ON THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Bombay,	Bhadli	Chindwara	Parus
B. Bunder,	Bhosawul	Satari	Dapki
Musjid "	Junction*†	Shapura	Akola
Byculla	Sowda	Mirgani (for	Borgaum
Chinchpoogly	Nimborah	Marble	Katipurna
Parel Station	Raver	Rocks)	Moortizapoor
Dadur	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Mohona
Sion	Burhanpur	Hulia Gate	Kooran
Coorla	Chandnee	Budlapoor	Budnaira*
Ghat-Cooper	Mandwa	Wangni	Malker
Bhanddoop	Dongergaum	Narel	Chandoor
Tannah*	Bagmar	Chinchowli	Dameghaur
Deewa	Khundwa*†	Kurjut*†	Poolgaum
Callian Junction*†	Jawar	Padesdari	Dgaum
Titwalla	Beerh	Khandalla	Wurdah†
Khadawali	Singaji	Lanowlee*	Powar
Wassind	Harsud	Karli	Sindeo
Shapoor	Kirkeam	Kurkulla	Boree
Atgaum	Bheringee	Tulligaun	Kapri
Khurdee	Hurda*	Salaivadi	Solgaon
Kusarah*	Timoornee	Chinchwud	Jehwoor
Egutpoorah*	Pugdhal	Kirkee	Keim
Ghotee	Sewnee	Poona*¶¶	Barsee Road*
Ballgaum	Dharam	Loonee	Marheh
Deolalee B.	Khundi	Oorvolee	Unger
Siding	Dularia	Ycoat	Mohol
Nassick Rd*	Etarsee for	Kheirgaum	Packney †
Kheirwadee	Hoshengabad	Patus	Sholapur*
Niphar	Rampur	Dhond†	Hoodgee
Lassulgaum	Bagra	Boreball	Kurubgam
Mumbar	Semri	Deckual and	Doolneh
Nandgaum*	Sohagpore*¶	Bheegwan	Goodoor
Naidongree	Paparia (for	Kartruz	Goolburga
Dullisgaum	Pachmari)	Poomulwaree	Shahabad*†‖
Kingaum	Bankeri	Warrengaum	Wadi
Gainh	Babai	Nargaum	Nulwar
Chehona	Gadawara	Khankoor	Yedagherry
Myjee	Bohanee	Mulkapoor	Sydapoor
Mussawud	Kureli (for	Biswa Bridge	Road
Sinowlee	Sangor)	Nandoora	Kistna
ulgaum	Nursingpore	Jullum†	Chicksagore
	Kuruk Bail	Sheagaum*	Raichore*†

STATIONS ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

Colaba	oisur	Keem	Thasra
Church Gate	Wangaum	Palonee	Pali
Street	Danoo Road	Unclesur	Byrehavi
Marine Line	Goolwood	Broach*	Nariad [bad
Churney Rd	Wevjee	Chunnargaum	Mehmoodabad
Grant Road	Sunjan	Pallej	Barabree
Mahaluxmee	Bheelar	Meagaum	Ahmedabad†
Parell	Damun Rd.	Kurwan	Saburmutee
Dadur	Oodwara	Mundala	Ambli Road
Mahim	Pardee	Bubhoe	Sanund
Bandora	Bulsar	Bhadurpore	Charolee
Andaree	Dongree	Etola	Jackwara
Goregaum	Beelecemora	Baroda*	Veerumgaum
Berevlee	Umulsar	Baiwa	Dhond
(Dysur)	Nowsaree	Wassud	Patree
Bhynder	Murolee	Nowley	Kharraghora
Bassein Road	Sucheen	Anand	Sahli Road
Veraur	Surat*¶	Bhaluj	Lillapore Rd
Sopalla	Amrolee	Oomret	Luctoran
Palghur	on	Dakor	Wadw

* Refreshment Rooms. † Junction for Lines.
‡ From 15 to 30 minutes for Refreshments
‖ 30 minutes or ¶¶ 40 minutes for Dinner.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*
"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."
Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.
To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.
CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. This Caution is necessary, owing to various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the Market.

FINEST and CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, for SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE FOR INDIA AS AN EFFICIENT TONIC IN ALL CASES OF WEAKNESS. KEEPS GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Limited, 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

CHAMPAGNE.
HEIDSIECK & CO.'S DRY MONOPOLE.
OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

THEODOR SATOW & CO., LONDON,—SOLE AGENTS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, INDIA AND THE COLONIES.

STANDARD POLICIES.

LAST year the amount of New Assurances effected by the Standard Life Office was upwards of £1,400,000 sums assured, and is believed to be the largest business transacted during the year by any office in the United Kingdom. This result is no doubt to be attributed in a great measure to the freedom from restrictions which marks the STANDARD POLICY, and to the name the Company has acquired for sound and liberal management.

DETAILS of the Investments (Five and three quarter million Pounds Sterling) and every information may be obtained on application.

THOMAS LANG,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

Standard Life Office, Bombay, June 1882.

DUNNETT & CO.,
SADDLERS, HARNESS-MAKERS, BOOT AND SHOE-MAKERS,
LEATHER MERCHANTS.

We have just received a further batch of
WILKINSON & KIDD'S CELEBRATED SADDLES
Especially manufactured (to our order) for
INDIA.

The above Saddles we can confidently recommend for COMFORT, DURABILITY, AND SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.
PRICE COMPLETE Rs. 85.

Saddles by other well known makers, from ... ...Rs. 50
Racing Saddles, very light ... ... „ 60
A large assortment of Snaffle, Pelham and double Bridles always in stock.

DUNNETT AND CO.,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, ENGRAVERS,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

STERLING SILVER KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES.

In open crystal face case ..Rs. 40 and 50
In hunting „ .. „ 45 and 60
„ ½ „ „ .. „ 50 and 60

THE above mentioned watches, the manufacture of which receives the most careful attention by our home firm, are uncontradictedly far above the average quality of watches sold in India at the same rates, and can be confidently recommended to all those in need of a neat, really good, and reliable time-keeper.

Guarantee 3 years. Price cash. No discount.
POSTAGE AND PACKING FREE.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.
LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

			Rs. a.				Rs. a.
Silks Black	..	...from	2 4 per yard.	Dresses Ready made	...	...from	3 8 each.
Ditto Colored	...	... „	2 11 „	Ditto Ball	...	... „	9 0 „
Satins all shades	...	... „	1 9 „	Underlinen in Great Varieties.			
Velvets	...	... „	2 0 „	Flowers	Ditto	..	
Velveteens colored	...	... „	1 8 „	Feathers	Ditto	...	
Ditto Black	...	... „	1 8 „	Fans	Ditto	...	
Sateens all Shades	...	... „	0 8 „	Ribbons in all shades and widths			
Grenadines	...	... „	0 5 „	Handkerchiefs	...	...from	1 dozen.
Alpacas	...	... „	0 6 „	Gloves Kid white and colored	...	„	1 4 per pair.
Serges Blue	...	... „	1 2 „	„ „ Black and colored		„	1 8 „
Muslins white and fancy,		... „	0 4½ „	„ Silk Black	...	„	0 15 „
Lawns	...	... „	0 2½ „	„ „ Colored 2 Buttons	...	„	1 6 „
Merinos all Shades	...	... „	1 6 „	„ „ „ 3 Buttons	...	„	1 12 „
„ Black	...	... „	0 13½ „	Lace and Silk Neckties 3 for	...	„	0 8 „
Pompadours, fast colours		... „	0 5 „	Linen Collars all shapes		...from	2 12 dozen.
Batistes all shades	...	... „	0 6 „	Linen Cuffs	...	... „	4 2 „
Nets all colors	...	... „	0 6 „	Hats and Bonnets Trimmed	...	„	5 8 each.
Frillings	...	... „	0 1½ „	Ditto untrimmed	...	... „	0 12 „
Cash's Frillings all widths ringes Black Silk	...	... „	0 14 „	Hats Riding	...	... „	5 12 each.
				Hoisery in all qualities and prices.			

And other requisites too numerous to mention.

PATTERNS SENT UPON APPLICATION.

N. B.—Compare our qualities and Prices and you will see that the only Establishment where you can procure all requisities at Europe Prices is the

POONA CASH BAZAAR,
EAST-STREET, POONA.
(now open.)

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,
ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD,
CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

THACKER & COMPANY, LD.

BOOKS. STATIONERY.
PICTURES. INDIAN
ARTISTS' PHOTOGRAPHS.
MATERIALS.
TRAVELLERS' BINOCULARS.
REQUISITES.
ALBUMS.
'XMAS CARDS. LEATHER GOODS.

SUNDRY GOODS IN VARIETY.

THACKER AND COMPANY, LD

OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY TOWER, BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,
PHOTOGRAPHERS, 10, RAMPART ROW.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE
Open daily from 9-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N. B.—Their large and well-known collection of Indian views always on hand for sale.

NOTICES.

SPARE INSTRUMENTS FOR SALE.—2 Saxhorns, 3 valves, at Rs. 80 each or Rs. 155 the pair. 1 Bombardon (round), 3 valves, at Rs. 125. The above are new, have never been used and are complete with cases. 5 E flat chromatic attachments at Rs. 16 each. 2 B flat chromatic attachments at Rs. 14 each. Apply BAND PRESIDENT, 23rd N. L. I., Ahmedabad.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform all concerned that he had made a large number of Horse equipment during the late Malta expedition, and he is now prepared to make the following ARTICLES at the shortest notice of any patterns that may be required for the service of Government:—
HAY NETS,
COIR MATS,
HEAD STALLS,
HEEL ROPES,
SWABS,
and other articles suitable for Horses, Ponies or Mules on boardship.
Orders addressed to the undersigned at his shop No. 1, Arthur Crawford Market, new arcade footpath, or at his Factory, near Cammatipoora, will meet with immediate attention at reasonable rates.
HASSUN ALI MOOLA HAKIMJEE.

LOTTERY

IN aid of the EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION, will be held at Bangalore, under sanction of Government.
Total amount of lottery Rs. 1,00,000 in 50,000 tickets of Rs. 2 each; half of which amount will be divided into 1,250 prizes, ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 5,000. The remaining Rs. 50,000 will be devoted to the establishment of Eurasian and Anglo-Indian villages in Mysore.
No member of the Association will be entitled to any remuneration for his work, in connection with the Lottery, and no portion of the funds will be devoted to money grants. No agents to be employed.
The prizes will be drawn under the immediate supervision of two scrutinizers, to be appointed by Government. Rules with list of Managing Committee, and Forms of Application, will be supplied.
Applications for tickets, with remittance in full (with return postage included), by Post Office order only, to be made to
☞ Confederacies and parties remitting Rs. 100 each will be entitled to 51 Tickets.
R. H. JAMES,
Registrar, Resident's Office, Secretary, Lottery Committee.

FOR SALE,

AT the Presidency P. W. Workshops, Madras, the undermentioned MACHINERY, &c., the property of Government. The articles may be seen on application to the undersigned on any working day between 11 a. m. and 5 p.m.
1-40 H. P. High Pressure Horizontal Engine, by T. M. Tennant & Co., Leith, in working order with fly wheel 16 ft. diar. and pump attached.
2 Cornish flue boilers 21' long, 6' diar., 3'-6" inner flue, in working order with all fittings.
Steam-pipe 10½ feet covered with wooden lagging, 2 spur wheels 6-7" and 3'.
1 Saw Mill with 63 saws, by Thomas Robinson and Son Rochdale, in working order, will take logs up to 22' square 75 Granite stones 22' by 1½' by 1' deep.
14½' shafting, 5½" diar., and 3 plummer clocks with brass bearings.

10'	„	4"	„	2	„ „ „
41'	„	3½"	„	10	„ „ „
51'	„	3½"	„		„ „ „
109'	„	3½"	„	14	„ „ „

2 Lathes Foot 6' incomplete.
1 Machine Iron Planing.
2 „ Punching and shearing, small.
1 „ Mortising, small.
1 „ Tapping.
2 Fan Blowers.
1 Tripod and monkey for breaking guns.
W. C. BADDELEY, Lieut. R. E.,
General Superintendent P. W. Workshops.
P. W. Workshops, Madras, 11th July, 1882.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.
J. J. CORDES & Co.,
The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"
Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.
Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"
the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.
DOS WORKS, NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

STEEL BOILERS.
DANIEL ADAMSON & CO.,
ENGINEERS AND BOILER-MAKERS,
DUKINFIELD, NEAR MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

ORIGINAL PATENTEES OF
THE ADAMSON FLANGE SEAM FLUE
Of which many thousands are now in use, and also of
BOILERS HAVING ALL RIVET HOLES DRILLED IN POSITION
AFTER PLATES ARE BENT INTO FORM.
BOILERS of all types, in STEEL or IRON,
With rivet holes drilled by special system.
DANIEL ADAMSON & Co. have, for the last TWENTY YEARS, made STEEL BOILERS A SPECIALITY and have over
1,800 STEEL BOILERS
Now working at pressures from 50 lbs. to 250 lbs. per square inch.
ENGINES of all descriptions. THE WHEELOCK AUTOMATIC EXPANSION ENGINE, Centennial Medal and Diploma, Philadelphia, 1876; Grand Prize, Paris, 1878, and First Prize, Cincinnati, 1880, in competition with the Corliss and other Automatic expansion Engines.
Established] THE ONLY OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM OF THIS NAME. [1851

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY.
ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well-known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM garrisoned by two regiments and one Battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secundrabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising.*

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Station an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Rs. 2 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 2. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve Stations or more twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the curious stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager, *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

INSURANCES.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON,
ESTABLISHED 1710.

INSURANCES effected upon Merchandize, Warehouse, Shops, Dwelling-Houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.
CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.
PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE.
...TY, BOMBAY.
...TABLISHED 1834.
...AD OFFICE,
...m-street, London, E.C.
...ffected for WHOLE TERM
...ORT PERIODS, with or with-
...Profits, and on the LIMITED
...es which have been six years
...ERAL BONUS, equal for the
...uction of 50 PER CENT. on
...rates and proposal papers,
...KING, KING & Co.,
Agents & Secretaries.

...INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
...LANCASHIRE Co., CAPITAL	Rs. 10,000,000
...IC FIRE INS- (e-insurances),	
...	„ 9,000,000
...INSURANCE	„ 8,000,000
...IRE INSUR-	„ 5,000,000
...RANCE COM-	„ 5,000,000
...E COMPANY	„ 5,000,000
...TAL	„ 4,000,000
...FIRE INSU- CAPITAL	„ 1,750,000
...INSURANCE. ...MARINE	
...PITAL	Rs. 2,000,000
...RINE INSU-	„ 2,000,000
...NE INSU-	„ 3,000,000
...	„

...E INSURANCE is the above ...DERSIGNED, who can offer ...ST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ...S SETTLED IN BOMBAY. ...can be obtained on application. ...T BROTHERS, Agents.

THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE, 34, CANNON-STREET, LONDON.
CAPITAL AND OTHER FUNDS £353,296 ON 31ST DEC. 1880.

THE direction of the Assurance Funds and of the Company is as follows, viz:—

TRUSTEES OF THE GUARANTEE FUND.
The Right Hon'ble Sir Richard Couch, late Chief Justice of Bengal.
Wm. Macandrew, Esq., J. P., Westwood House, Colchester.
The amount to cred